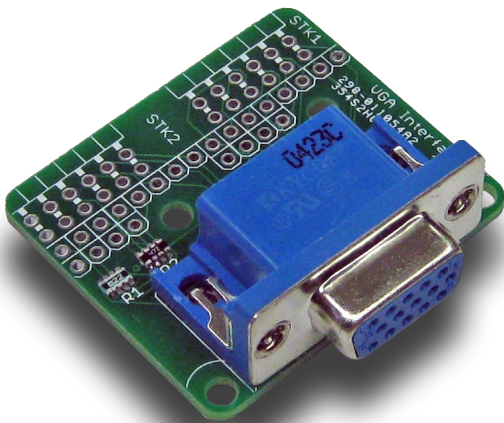


StickIt! VGA Manual

*How to install and use your new
StickIt! VGA module*



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The following table shows the revision history for this document.

| Date | Version | Revision |
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| 02/09/12 | 1.0 | Initial release for StickIt! VGA module V1.0. |
| 09/24/12 | 2.0 | Updated for StickIt! VGA module V2.0. |
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C.1 Preliminaries

Here's some helpful information before getting started.

Getting Help!

Here are some places to get help if you encounter problems:

- If you can't get the StickIt! VGA module to work, send an e-mail message describing your problem to help@xess.com or submit a problem report at <http://www.xess.com/help.php>.
- Our web site also has
 - answers to frequently-asked-questions,
 - example designs, application notes and tutorials,
 - a forum where you can post questions.

Take Notice!

It's pretty hard to get in trouble with this module.

Packing List

Here is what you should have received in your package:

- a StickIt! VGA module.
- PMOD™ male header (x 2).
- Wing male headers (8-pin x 2 & 4-pin x 2).

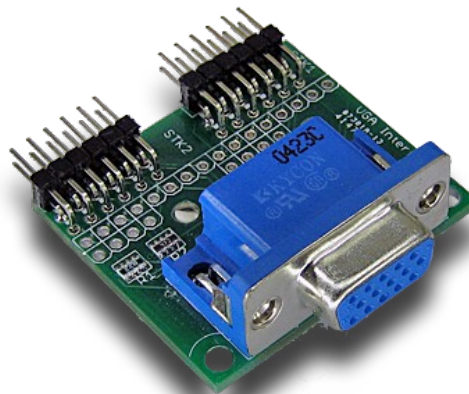
C.2 Setup

The StickIt! VGA module connects to one or two PMOD or Wing sockets on your StickIt! Board and can display color images with up to 14 bits of color depth on a VGA monitor.

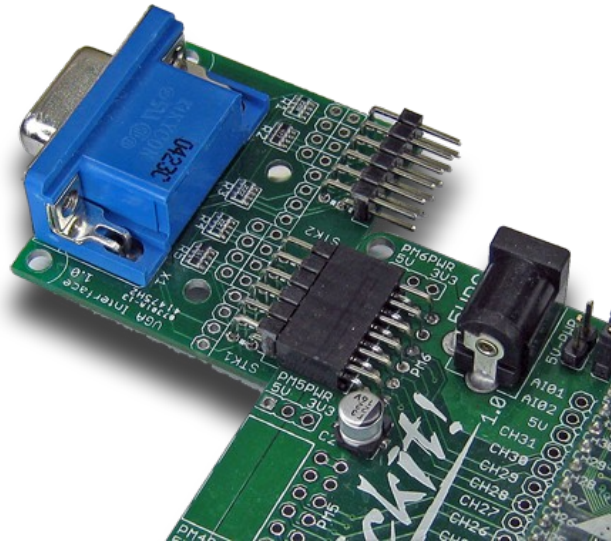
Inserting Your StickIt! VGA Module Into Your StickIt! Board

Inserting Into a PMOD Socket

To use the StickIt! VGA module with a PMOD socket, first solder the included male PMOD headers to the module as shown. If you only need six bits of color depth, then install just a single header in the STK1 slot and leave STK2 empty. Installing both headers increases the color depth to 10 bits but also requires you to use two PMOD sockets. (**To insure a stable connection, only use a header with 0.25" square pins.**)

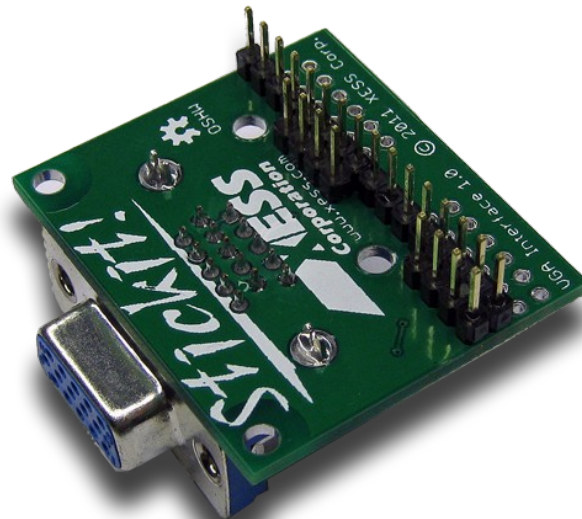


Next, insert the module into one of the PMOD sockets on the StickIt! Board. The figure below shows the StickIt! VGA plugged into a single PMOD socket where it can generate six-bit color images. Plugging the module into two adjacent sockets increases the color depth to ten bits but consumes more I/O pins. (This module does not directly connect to any power supply so there is no need to change the setting of the voltage selection jumper of the PMOD socket.)

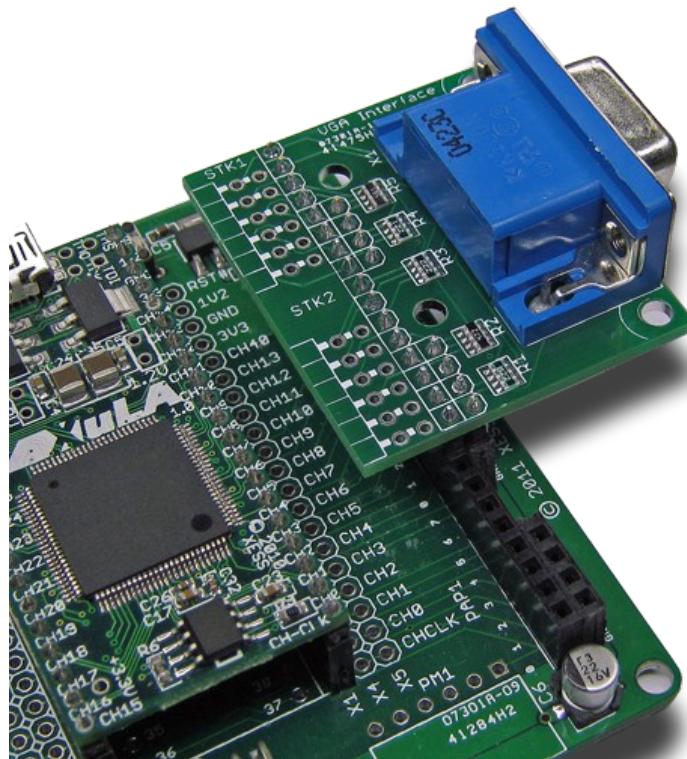


Inserting Into a Wing Socket

To use the StickIt! VGA module with a Wing socket, first solder the included Wing headers to the module as shown. If you only need six bits of color depth, then install just a single header in the STK1 slot and leave STK2 empty. Installing both headers increases the color depth to 14 bits but also requires you to use two Wing sockets. (**To insure a stable connection, only use a header with 0.25" square pins.**)



Next, insert the module into the Wing sockets on the StickIt! Board. The figure below shows the StickIt! VGA plugged into two adjacent Wing sockets where it can generate 14-bit color images. Plugging only the STK1 header of the module into a single Wing socket decreases the color depth to six bits but frees I/O pins for other uses.



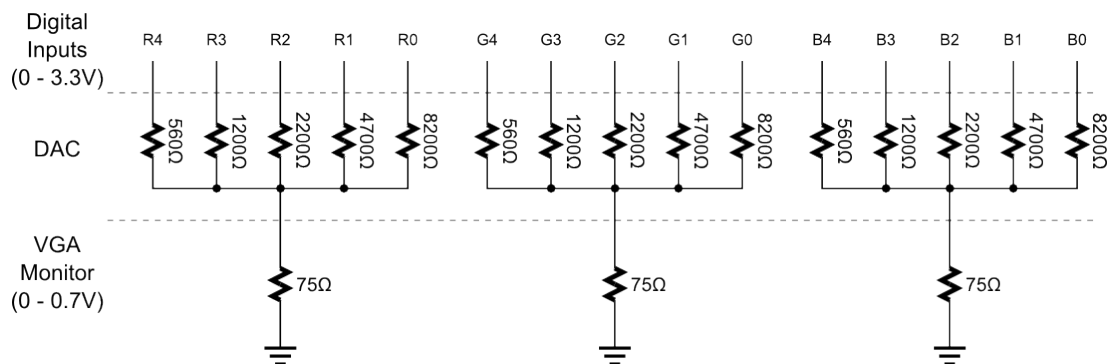
C.3 Operation

This chapter describes the operation of the StickIt! VGA module using a simplified schematic. You can find a complete [schematic](#) at the end of this manual.

Generating Analog Color Signals

There are three signals -- red, green, and blue (RGB) -- that send color information to a VGA monitor. Signal levels between 0 (completely dark) and 0.7 V (maximum brightness) control the intensity of each color component, which combine to make the final color of a pixel on the monitor screen.

Each analog color input can be set to one of 32 levels by five digital outputs using a simple five-bit digital-to-analog converter (DAC) consisting of a resistor network combined with the 75Ω input resistance of the monitor input. The 32 possible levels on each analog input are combined by the monitor to create a pixel with one of $32 \times 32 \times 32 = 32768$ different colors. So the fifteen digital control lines let you select from a palette of 32768 colors. (Note that I/O limitations of the StickIt! Board and modules reduce the maximum color depth to 14 bits.)



Generating Sync Signals

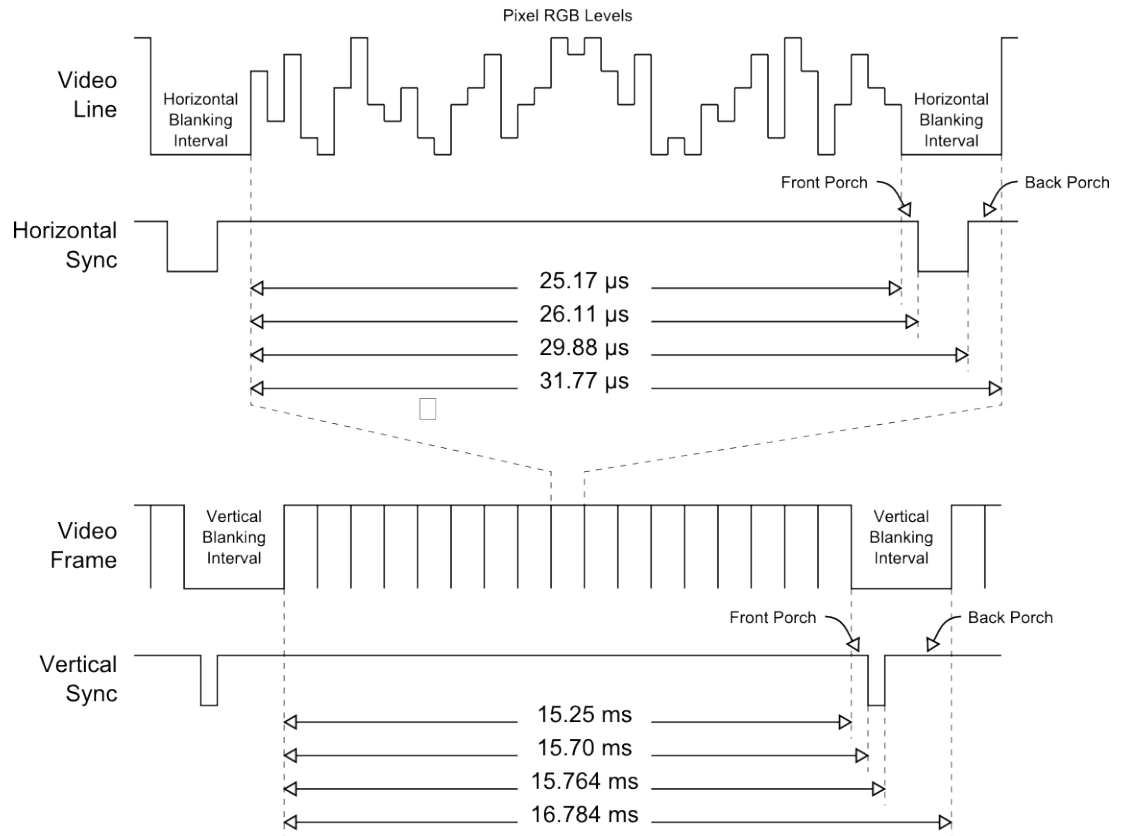
An image (or frame) on a monitor screen is composed of h lines each containing w pixels. VGA frame size is expressed as $w \times h$ with typical sizes of 640×480 , 800×600 , 1024×768 and 1280×1024 .

In order to send a frame of pixels to the monitor, two sync signals are required: a horizontal sync to indicate the start and stop of each line of pixels going from left to right on the screen, and a vertical sync that marks the top and bottom lines so they stack up

to form an image. The StickIt! VGA module has two digital outputs that send these sync signals to the monitor. The timing for the sync signals is shown in below.

Negative pulses on the horizontal sync signal mark the start and end of a line and ensure that the monitor displays the pixels between the left and right edges of the visible screen area. The pixels are sent on the RGB signal lines within a 25.17 μ s window. After this, a *front porch* interval of 0.94 μ s is inserted before the horizontal sync signal goes low for 3.77 μ s. After a *back porch* interval of 1.89 μ s, the next line of pixels begins. Therefore, a single line of pixels occupies 25.17 μ s of a 31.77 μ s interval. The red, green and blue signals are blanked during the 6.6 μ s interval comprised of the front porch, sync pulse and back porch.

In a similar fashion, negative pulses on the vertical sync signal mark the start and end of a frame of video lines and ensure that the monitor displays the lines between the top and bottom edges of the visible monitor screen. The lines are displayed within a 15.25 ms window. After this, a front porch interval of 0.45 ms is inserted before the vertical sync signal goes low for 64 μ s. After a back porch interval of 1.02 ms, the next frame begins. Therefore, a single frame of pixels occupies 15.25 ms of a 16.784 ms interval. The RGB signals are blanked during the 1.534 ms interval comprised of the front porch, sync pulse and back porch.



C.4 *Using the Module*

To use the StickIt! VGA module, you will need to do the following:

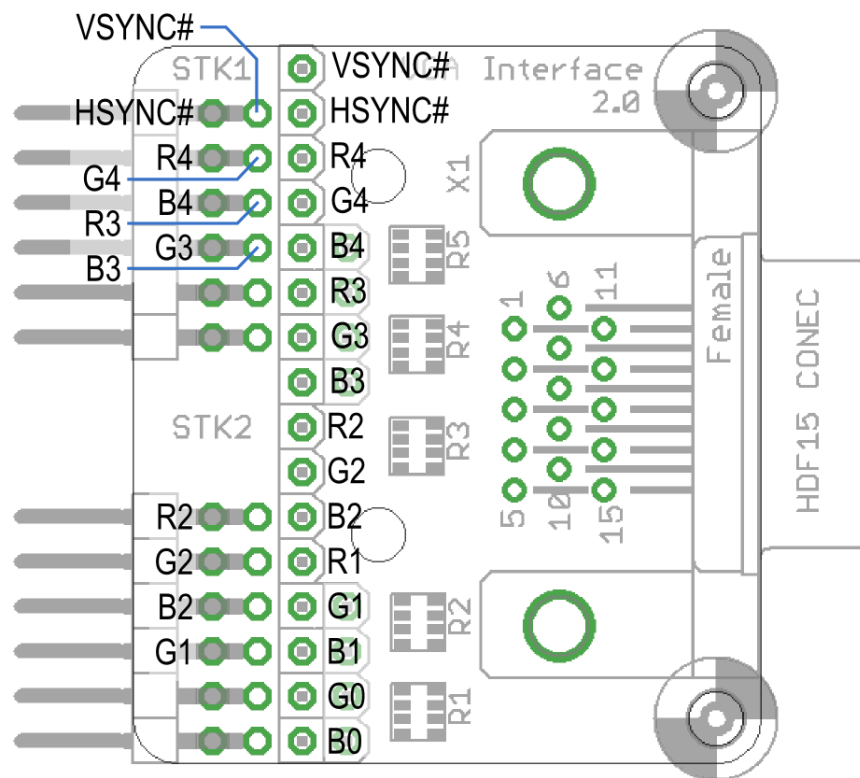
- Create a Xilinx ISE FPGA project and write some HDL code for translating image data into RGB values along with horizontal and vertical syncs.
- Attach the module to either a PMOD or Wing socket on the StickIt! board.
- Determine the channel signals on the PMOD or Wing socket that connect to each I/O pin of the module.
- Find which FPGA pin of the XuLA board connects to each channel signal.
- Make a UCF file associating each FPGA pin with an I/O pin of the module.
- Include the UCF file in your ISE project.

That's a lot of work just to display an image, so we've done most of it for you. Just go to <http://github.com/xesscorp/StickIt>. There, you will find a subdirectory with a Xilinx ISE project that includes:

- an HDL file containing two related modules: one for displaying bitmapped graphics, and another for displaying text-based graphics,
- an example that uses the bitmapped VGA module to display an image on a VGA monitor,
- and a UCF file containing the FPGA pin assignments to use when installing the StickIt! VGA module into any of the PMOD or Wing sockets.

A.1 I/O Locations

The connections of the I/O signals to the PMOD and Wing headers of the StickIt! VGA module are shown below.

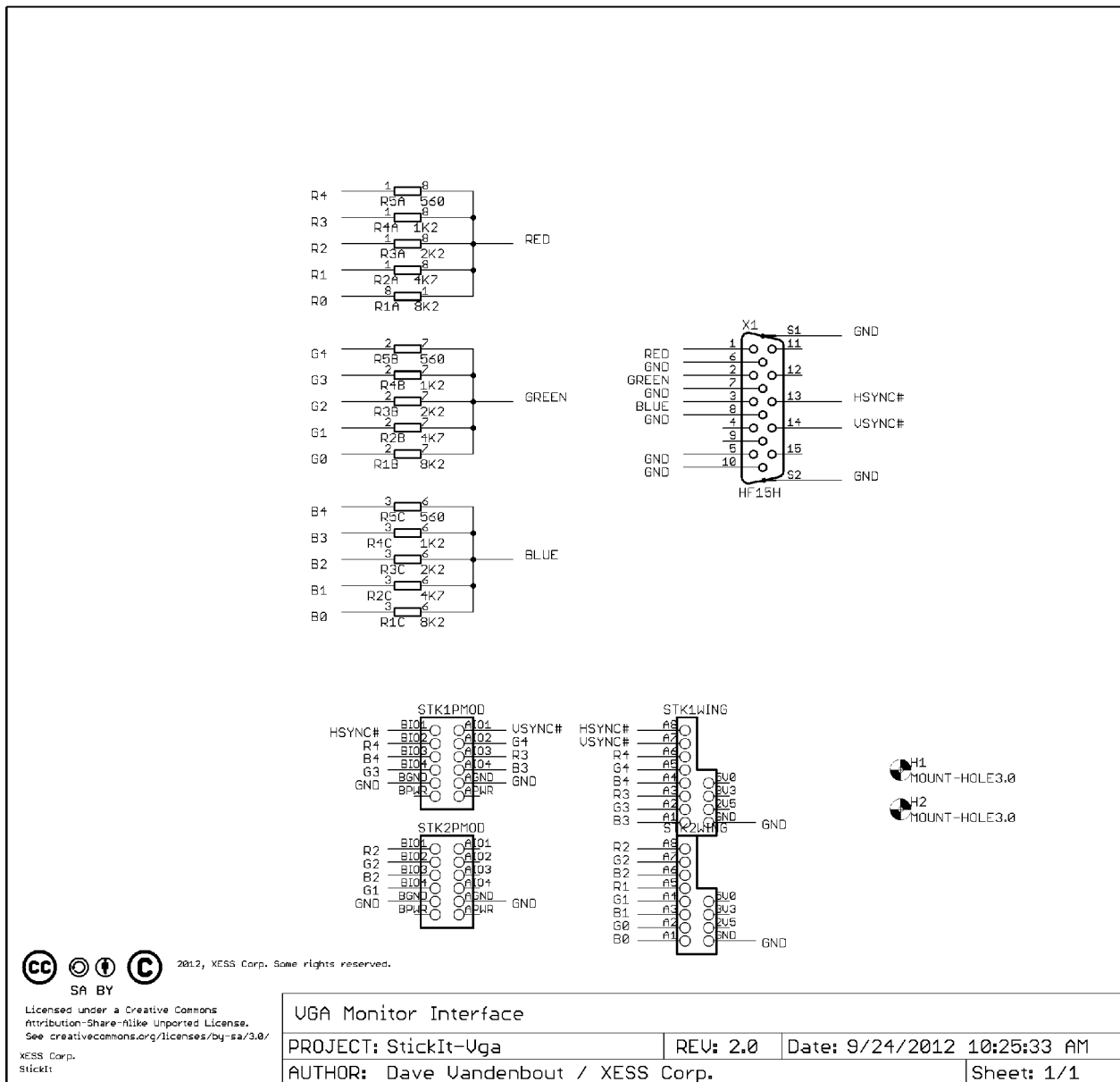


Please note the following:

1. The top PMOD header (STK1) contains the two most-significant bits of the red, green and blue color signals along with the horizontal and vertical sync signals. This means you can generate images with up to $2^6 = 64$ colors using only a single PMOD socket.
2. The bottom PMOD header (STK2) provides an additional four bits of color depth: two more bits of green (to which the human eye is most sensitive) and one additional bit of red and blue. Because there is an overlap of four I/O pins between adjacent PMOD sockets on the StickIt! Board, four of the I/O pins on the lower PMOD header have been left unconnected to prevent interference. So using two PMOD sockets means you can generate images with up to $2^{10} = 1024$ colors.

3. The top Wing header contains the same signals as the top PMOD header, so using a single Wing socket provides the same capability for generating 64-color images.
4. The bottom Wing header provides an additional eight bits of color depth: three more bits of green and blue and two additional bits of red. So using two Wing sockets means you can generate images with up to $2^{14} = 16,384$ colors.

A.2 Schematic



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 StickIt